## Government of Karnataka (Department of Commercial Taxes)

No. KSA/GST.CR-05/2019-20

Office of the Commissioner of Commercial Taxes Vanijya Therige Karyalaya, Gandhinagar, Bengaluru-560009, Dated: 27-04-2020

## COMMISSIONER OF COMMERCIAL TAXES CIRCULAR No. GST-06/2020

Subject: Clarification in respect of certain challenges faced by the registered persons in implementation of provisions of GST Laws-reg.

CCT Circular No.GST-05/2020-GST, dated 27.04.2020 had been issued to clarify doubts regarding relief measures taken by the Government for facilitating taxpayers in meeting the compliance requirements under various provisions of the Karnataka Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "KGST Act") on account of the measures taken to prevent the spread of Novel Corona Virus (COVID-19). It has been brought to the notice of the Board that certain challenges are being faced by taxpayers in adhering to the compliance requirements under various other provisions of the KGST Act which also need to be clarified.

2. The issues raised have been examined and in order to ensure uniformity in the implementation of the provisions of the law across the field formations, the Board, in exercise of its powers conferred under section 168(1) of the KGST Act hereby clarifies as under:

S.	Issue	Clarification
No.		
1.	An advance is received	In case GST is paid by the supplier on advances received for
	by a supplier for a	a future event which got cancelled subsequently and for
	Service contract which	which invoice is issued before supply of service, the supplier
	subsequently got	is required to issue a "credit note" in terms of section 34 of
	cancelled. The	the KGST Act. He shall declare the details of such credit
	supplier has issued the	notes in the return for the month during which such credit
	invoice before supply	note has been issued. The tax liability shall be adjusted in
	of service and paid the	the return subject to conditions of section 34 of the KGST
	GST thereon.	Act. There is no need to file a separate refund claim.
	Whether he can claim	
	refund of tax paid or is	However, in cases where there is no output liability against
	he required to adjust	which a credit note can be adjusted, registered persons may

	his tax liability in his returns?	proceed to file a claim under "Excess payment of tax, if any" through <b>FORM GST RFD-01</b> .
2.	An advance is received by a supplier for a Service contract which got cancelled subsequently. The supplier has issued receipt voucher and paid the GST on such advance received. Whether he can claim refund of tax paid on advance or he is required to adjust his tax liability in his returns?	In case GST is paid by the supplier on advances received for an event which got cancelled subsequently and for which no invoice has been issued in terms of section 31 (2) of the KGST Act, he is required to issue a "refund voucher" in terms of section 31 (3) (e) of the KGST Act read with rule 51 of the KGST Rules.  The taxpayer can apply for refund of GST paid on such advances by filing <b>FORM GST RFD-01</b> under the category "Refund of excess payment of tax".
3.	Goods supplied by a supplier under cover of a tax invoice are returned by the recipient. Whether he can claim refund of tax paid or is he required to adjust his tax liability in his returns?	In such a case where the goods supplied by a supplier are returned by the recipient and where tax invoice had been issued, the supplier is required to issue a "credit note" in terms of section 34 of the KGST Act. He shall declare the details of such credit notes in the return for the month during which such credit note has been issued. The tax liability shall be adjusted in the return subject to conditions of section 34 of the KGST Act. There is no need to file a separate refund claim in such a case.  However, in cases where there is no output liability against which a credit note can be adjusted, registered persons may proceed to file a claim under "Excess payment of tax, if any" through <b>FORM GST RFD-01</b> .
4.	Letter of Undertaking (LUT) furnished for the purposes of zero-rated supplies as per provisions of section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 read with rule 96A of the KGST Rules has expired on 31.03.2020. Whether a registered person can still make a zero-rated supply on such LUT and claim refund accordingly or does he have to make	Central Government Notification No. 37/2017-Central Tax, dated 04.10.2017, requires LUT to be furnished for a financial year. However, in terms of Notification (17/2020) No. FD 03 CSL 2020, dated 20.04.2020, where the requirement under the GST Law for furnishing of any report, document, return, statement or such other record falls during between the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, has been extended till 30.06.2020.  Therefore, in terms of Notification (17/2020) No. FD 03 CSL 2020,, time limit for filing of LUT for the year 2020-21 shall stand extended to 30.06.2020 and the taxpayer can continue to make the supply without payment of tax under LUT provided that the FORM GST RFD-11 for 2020-21 is furnished on or before 30.06.2020. Taxpayers may quote the reference no of the LUT for the year 2019-20 in the relevant documents.

	such supplies on	
	payment of IGST and	
	claim refund of such	
	IGST ?	
5.	While making the	As per Notification (17/2020) No. FD 03 CSL 2020, dated
	payment to recipient,	20.04.2020, where the timeline for any compliance required
	amount equivalent to	as per sub-section (3) of section 39 and section 51 of the
	one per cent was	Karnataka Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 falls during
	deducted as per the	the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, the same has
	provisions of section	been extended till 30.06.2020. Accordingly, the due date
	51 of Karnataka	for furnishing of return in FORM GSTR-7 along with
	Goods and Services	deposit of tax deducted for the said period has also been
	Tax Act, 2017 i. e. Tax	extended till 30.06.2020 and no interest under section 50
	Deducted at Source	shall be leviable if tax deducted is deposited by
	(TDS). Whether the	30.06.2020.
	date of deposit of such	
	payment has also been	
	extended vide	
	Notification (17/2020)	
	No. FD 03 CSL 2020,	4
	dated 20.04.2020?	
6.	As per section 54 (1), a	As per Notification (17/2020) No. FD 03 CSL 2020, dated
	person is required to	20.04.2020, where the timeline for any compliance
	make an application	required as per sub-section (1) of section 54 of the
	before expiry of two	Karnataka Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 falls during
	years from the	the period from 20.03.2020 to 29.06.2020, the same has
	relevant date. If in a	been extended till 30.06.2020. Accordingly, the due date
	particular case, date	for filing an application for refund falling during the said
	for making an	period has also been extended till 30.06.2020.
	application for refund	
	expires on 31.03.2020,	*
	can such person make	
	an application for	
	refund before	
	29.07.2020?	

4. Difficulty, if any, in implementation of the Circular may be brought to the notice of this office.

Commissioner of Commercial Taxes
(Karnataka) Bengaluru

Commissioner of Commercial Taxes Karnataka, Bangalore.

To, All officers of the Department in the State